















PRODUCT DESCRIPTION AND APPLICATION

Airfoil's Australian Made Weather Proof Louvre (YLBS-50) is crafted from premium aluminium extrusion, ensuring exceptional durability and weather resistance. Rigorously tested to provide optimal protection in outdoor environments, it effectively minimizes the entry of rainwater under normal climatic conditions.

Featuring a medium-sized 50mm blade spacing, the YLBS-50 is versatile for both intake and return air applications, offering an approximate free area of 55%. With a standard outer frame size of 32mm and an overall depth of 45mm, it provides reliable protection against the elements. The Weather Proof Louvre comes equipped with vermin mesh fitted to the rear of the grille, enhancing pest control management.

Manufactured to any required size, the Weather Proof Louvre is available in our standard Natural Anodised silver finish or can be custom powder-coated in any color upon request. This product is ideal for various outdoor commercial applications where weather protection is essential.





PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS AND INFORMATION

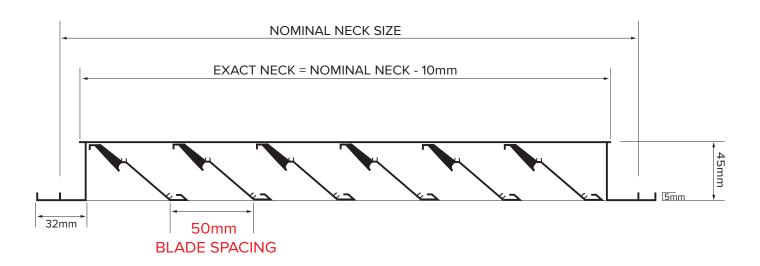
- Product ordering code YLBS-50
- Australian Made
- Aluminium Construction
- Manufactured to any size
- Order by blade length first then by height
- Suitable for both intake and return air applications
- Small 50mm blade spacing
- 32mm outer frame size
- 45mm overall deep frame
- 55% free area
- Designed to minimise the ingress of rainwater in all normal climactic conditions
- Standard vermin mesh fitted to the rear of the grille for pest control management purposes
- Comes standard in our Natural Anodised silver finish
- Special powder-coating colours available upon request
- Suitable for any outdoor commercial purpose where weather protection is paramount
- Airfoil tested information available
- The following metric performance data has been derived from exhaustive testing in elaborate laboratories of acoustic and vibrational engineers Louis A. Challis and Associates Proprietary Limited. Darling Street, Sydney 2000







CROSS SECTIONAL DIAGRAM





DISCLAIMER:

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AIRFOIL



WEATHER PROOF LOUVRE YLBS-50

PERFORMANCE DATA

STATIC PRESSURE AT VARIOUS AIR QUANTITIES AND NECK AREAS

Typical Sizes	300 x 300 600 x 150	450 x 300 675 x 200	600 x 300 450 x 400	450 x 450 675 x 300	600 x 450 900 x 300	600 x 600 900 x 400
Neck Area M² (I/s)	0.090	0.0135	0.180	0.203	0.270	0.360
100	10					
150	25	10				
200	45	20	8			
300	110	48	20	15	7	
400	200	80	38	27	15	7
500		130	60	45	25	16
600		200	85	65	40	28
1000			250	175	95	55
1500				325	250	120
2000						240

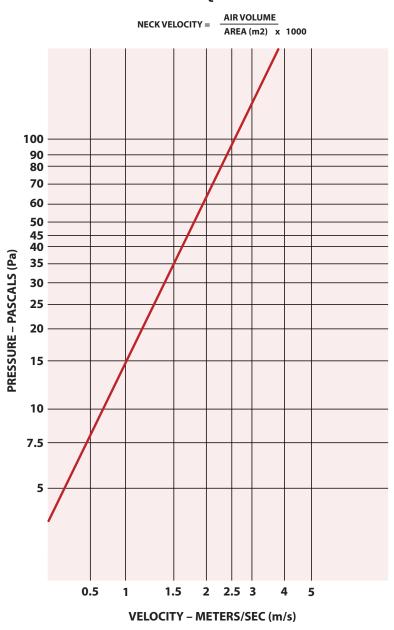
Typical Sizes	900 x 450 675 x 600	900 x 600 1200 x 450				1200 x 1200 1600 x 900	
Neck Area M² (I/s)	0.405	0.540	0.720	0.810	1.08	1.44	
500	8						
600	15	6					
1000	27	23	13	10			
1500	60	55	30	22	8	5	
2000	110	95	55	40	25	17	
2500	210	150	90	65	45	20	
3000		220	120	90	65	30	
4000			220	125	95	55	
5000				260	130	90	
6000					265	125	
7000						175	
8000						225	
9000						300	





PERFORMANCE DATA

GIVEN OPENING SIZE AND AIR VOLUME ISOLATE THE APPROPRIATE NECK VELOCITY BY APPLYING THE FOLLWING EQUATION:



Given the Neck Velocity, static pressure may then be read off the chart

e.g. Area 2m² and Air Quantity 3000 l/s

N.V. = $\frac{3000}{2m/s}$ | 1/s | 1000 | N.V. = $\frac{3000}{2000}$

N.V. = 1.5 m/s

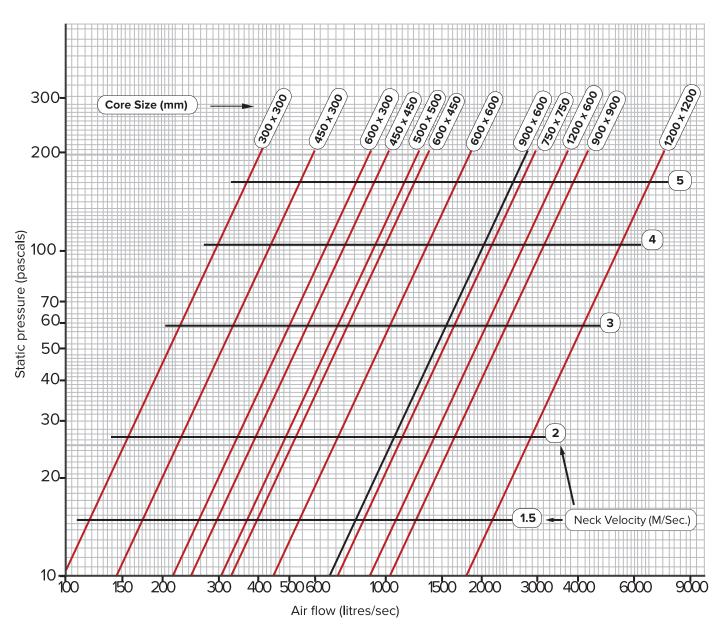
... Using Chart, Static Pressure = 35pa.





PERFORMANCE DATA

STATIC PRESSURE VS AIRFLOW FOR VARIOUS CORE SIZES







Measurement Procedures for Return Air Grilles — (YLBS-50)

1. Sound pressure level measurements

Sound pressure levels in the chamber were measured using the following equipment:

Microphone – Bruel & Kjaer 4144
Preamplifier - Bruel & Kjaer 2619
Power supply - Bruel & Kjaer 2807
Rotating boom – (1m radius, 1 min. cycle)
Precision Laboratory sound level meter HP8052A
Precision Octave Filter Set– H P8055A
Integrating voltmeter– Nebula type 1
Sound Power calibrator– Challis/Torin type 1

The microphone was mounted on a rotating boom which was used to provide space average in the chamber while the integrating voltmeter provided a time average of the sound pressure level. Averaging times ranging between 10 seconds and 100 seconds were used. This system was referenced level checked before and after each series of measurements using a reference source, Bruel & Kjaer type 4230, and system drift did not exceed 0.1 dB.

Equipment was calibrated in the Challis laboratory which currently holds N.A.T.A. certificates for compliance with AS1259 and ASZ41.

The volume of the reverberation is such as to allow measurements to be made with a high accuracy down to the 63Hz octave band. The accuracy claimed for the measurements of sound pressure level is +/-2 dB at 60Hz, +/-1.5dB at 125Hz and 8kHz; and +/-1.0dB in octave bands from 250Hz to 4kHz.

The background noise levels due to external noise and system noise were measured at each test air flow and where necessary, corrections for background noise have been applied to the measured sound pressure levels.

In some cases, at the lowest air flows, the measured levels of regenerated noise at 63Hz and in the higher frequency bands were indistinguishable from the system noise level, and in these cases the sound power levels have been quoted as being 10dB below the measured value.

The background and their system noise level in the chamber was typically as follows:-

Sound Pressure Levels in dB (re 2x10-5 Pascals)

Octave Band Centre Frequency (Hz)	63	125	250	500	1K	2K	4K	8K
Typical Air System Noise	45	36	27	20	16	14	8	9

The system allowed accurate measurements for the determination of NR figures down to NR 15.

2. Air flow measurements

Each unit was tested at three air flows, using either of two fan configurations;-

(a). Air flow is less than 1400 litres per second

These flows were provided by means of axial a series of axle fans or a large centrifugal fan. The desired airflows were measured by means of an ASTM triple nozzle system, installed in an acoustic plenum box incorporating an air straightening grid. The nozzle box was installed in the 600 mm x 600mm ductwork leading to the reverberation chamber, and provided air flows of an overall accuracy of better than +/- 5%.

(b). Air flows greater than 1400 litres per second

These flows were provided by means of the centrifugal fan, with air flows measured by means of a series of orifice plates installed in the 600 mm diameter inlet duct leading to the fan. This system is capable of measuring air flows over the range of 500 litres per second to 10,000 litres per second with an overall accuracy of +/- 5%.

3. Static pressure drop measurements

The static pressure drop across the test item was measured from a tapping point in the discharge duct of approximately 500 mm upstream of the unit, using an Inclined Manometer. This reads in steps of five Pascals (0.02"WG) and provides an overall accuracy of +/- 2.5 Pascals.